

Twenty-first Generation

Richard Bayley (Richard²²_) birth date unknown. He married **Agnes Stanley** birth date unknown. They had the following child:

1. Richard²⁰ Sherburne.

Ralph of Westmoreland de Neville (Ralph²² de Nevill, John²³ de Nevill, Ralph²⁴, Euphemia²⁵ Fitz Roger, Robert²⁶, Roger²⁷ Fitz John, John²⁸ Fitz Robert_) birth date unknown. He married **Mary de Ferrars** (Joan²¹ de Beaufort_) birth date unknown. They had the following child:

1. John²⁰ de Neville.



Sir Henry "Hotspur" Percy (Henry²², Lord Henry²³ de Percy, Baron Henry²⁴, Baron Henry²⁵, Baron Henry²⁶, William²⁷, Henry²⁸, Joscelyn²⁹ de Louvain, Godfrey "The Bearded" of Louvaine³⁰ Barbutus, Henry II of³¹ Brabant, Count Labert II of³², Count Lambert I "The Bearded" of³³, Count Regnier III of Hainaut³⁴, Count Regnier II of Hainaut³⁵, Count Regnier I "Long-Neck" of Hainaut³⁶, Count Giselbert of Darnau³⁷, Count Giselbert of Massgau³⁸, Count Gainfroi³⁹, Duke Mainier of Austria⁴⁰_) was born May 20, 1364, the eldest son of Henry Percy, 1st Earl of Northumberland, 4th Lord Percy of Alnwick. His mother was Margaret Neville, daughter of Ralph Neville, 2nd Baron Neville de Raby and Alice de Audley. His nickname is suggestive of his impulsive nature.

He fought against the Scots at Otterburn (1388) and Homildon (1402). Later, with his paternal uncle Thomas Percy, Earl of Worcester, he led a rebellion against Henry IV in 1403, forming an alliance with the Welsh rebel, Owain

Glyndŵr. Before they could join forces, Hotspur was defeated and killed at the Battle of Shrewsbury when he raised his visor to get some air (as he was wearing plate armor which restricted air circulation) and was immediately hit in the mouth with an arrow and killed instantly. Sir Henry died July 21, 1403 in Shrewsbury, at 39 years of age. Henry IV, upon being brought the body after the battle, was said to have wept and ordered the body buried. Hotspur was buried in Whitchurch, Shropshire, but was later exhumed, by order of the same king, when rumours circulated that he was still alive. His body was first displayed in Shrewsbury, impaled on a spear, but was later cut up into four quarters and sent around all of England. His head was stuck on a pole at York's gates.

He married **Elizabeth Mortimer** December 10, 1379.

Elizabeth Mortimer (Earl Edmund²², Earl Roger²³, Sir Edmund²⁴, Earl Roger²⁵ de Mortimer, Lord Edmund²⁶ Mortimer, Lord Roger²⁷, Ralph²⁸, Roger²⁹ de Mortimer, Hugh³⁰, Hugh³¹ Mortimer, Lord Ralph³² de Mortimer, Lord Roger³³, Raoul³⁴ de Warenne, Gautier³⁵ de St. Martin_) was born in Usk, Monmouthshire, England February 12, 1371. She was the daughter of Edmund Mortimer, 3rd Earl of March and Philippa. Philippa was daughter of Lionel of Antwerp, 1st Duke of Clarence and Elizabeth de Burgh, 4th Countess of Ulster. Lionel was son of Edward III of England and his consort Philippa of Hainault. Elizabeth died April 20, 1417 at 46 years of age.

Sir Henry "Hotspur" Percy and Elizabeth Mortimer had the following children:

1. Elizabeth²⁰ Percy.
2. Matilda Percy.
3. **Earl Henry Percy** was born February 3, 1392.

Ralph of Westmoreland de Neville (Sir John²² de Neville, Lord Ralph²³, Lord Randolph²⁴, Robert²⁵, Robert²⁶, Geoffrey²⁷ de Neville, Robert²⁸ Fitz Maldred , Maldred²⁹, Dolfyn Staindropshire³⁰, Uchtred fitz³¹ Maldred, Maldred³², Ealdgyth³³, Uchtred³⁴_) was born in 1363/4 in Raby Castle, County Durham, England, the son of John de Neville and Maud Percy. He was the First Lord of Westmoreland and fourth Baron Neville of Raby.

He was created 1st Earl of Westmorland in 1397. He had become the fifth Baron Neville de Raby in 1388. He was made a Knight of the Garter in 1402, taking the place left vacant by the death of Edmund of Langley, 1st Duke of York. Neville was a supporter of King Henry IV of England. In the later part of his career, Neville was mainly engaged with defense of the northern border in his capacity as warden of the west march. In 1415, for example, he decisively defeated an invading Scottish army at the Battle of Yeaveering.

Like the first lords of Richmond and Peter II of Savoy before him, Ralph was endowed with the lordship of Richmondshire but without the peerage.

He married twice:

He married **Margaret de Stafford**, 1382, daughter of Hugh de Stafford, 2nd Earl of Stafford and Philippa de Beauchamp. Her paternal grandparents were Margaret de Audley and Hugh de Audley, 1st Earl of Gloucester.

They had the following children:

1. Maud Neville (d. October 1438), married Piers de Mauley, 5th Baron Mauley
2. Alice Neville, married first Sir Thomas Grey of Heton; married second Sir Gilbert Lancaster
3. Philippa de Neville, married Thomas Dacre, 6th Baron Dacre
4. John Neville, Lord Neville (d. 1420)
5. Sir Ralph Neville (d. 25 February 1458), married Mary Ferrers, daughter of Sir Robert Ferrers and had issue
6. Elizabeth Neville, a nun
7. Anne Neville, married Sir Gilbert Umfraville
8. Margaret Neville (d. c. 1465), married first Richard Scrope, 3rd Baron Scrope of Bolton; married second William Cressoner
9. Anastasia Neville

He married **Joan Beaufort**, 29 November 1396, daughter of John of Gaunt, 1st Duke of Lancaster and his third wife, Katherine Swynford. Joan was a half-sister of Henry IV of England. Her paternal grandparents were Edward III of England and his Queen consort, Philippa of Hainault.

They had the following children:

1. Lady Katherine Neville, married first on 12 January 1411 John Mowbray, 2nd Duke of Norfolk; married second Sir Thomas Strangways; married third John Beaumont, 1st Viscount Beaumont; married fourth Sir John Woodville (d. 12 August 1469).
2. **Lady Eleanor Neville** (1398-1472), married first Richard le Despencer, 4th Baron Burghersh, married second Henry Percy, 2nd Earl of Northumberland
3. Richard Neville, 5th Earl of Salisbury (1400-1460)
4. Robert Neville (d. 1457), Bishop of Durham
5. William Neville, 1st Earl of Kent (d. 1463)
6. Edward Neville, 1st Lord Bergavenny (d. 1476)
7. Anne Neville (1414-1480), married Humphrey Stafford, 1st Duke of Buckingham
8. Cecily Neville (1415-1495) ("Proud Cis"), married Richard, 3rd Duke of York; mother of Kings Edward IV of England and Richard III of England
9. George Neville, 1st Baron Latymer (d. 1469)
10. John Neville, died young
11. Cuthbert Neville, died young
12. Thomas Neville, died young
13. Henry Neville, died young
14. Joan Neville, a nun

Due to his marriages and his children's, the Nevills were thus closely connected with the houses of Lancaster and York, and had themselves become the most important family in the realm.

The character of Westmorland in William Shakespeare's play *Henry V* is based on Neville. It has been claimed by Brenda James and Professor William Rubinstein that Neville's great-great-grandson, Sir Henry Neville wrote the works of William Shakespeare.

Ralph of Westmoreland de Neville died October 21, 1425 in Raby Castle, Durham, England. His body was interred Staindrop. Joan de Beaufort died November 13, 1440 in Howden, Yorkshire. Her body was interred Lincoln Cathedral.

Lord Robert de Poynings birth date unknown died October 2, 1446. He married **Elizabeth Grey**. They had the following child:

1. **Sir Richard²⁰ de Poynings**.

William Thornton Died in 1333. He married **Isabel Newton**. They had the following child:

1. **Thomas²⁰ Thornton**.