

Twenty-second Generation

Richard Bayley birth date unknown. He married **Margaret Sherburne** (Sir Richard²³, Sir John²⁴_) birth date unknown. They had the following child:

1. **Richard²¹ Bayley.**

Ralph de Nevill (John²³ de Nevill, Ralph²⁴, Euphemia²⁵ Fitz Roger, Robert²⁶, Roger²⁷ Fitz John, John²⁸ Fitz Robert_) birth date unknown, had the following child:

1. **Ralph of Westmoreland²¹ de Neville.**

Sir Robert de Ferras (Sir Robert²³, John²⁴ de Ferrers, Earl Robert²⁵ de Ferrers, Earl William²⁶, William²⁷, Earl Robert²⁸, Earl William²⁹, Earl Robert of Derby³⁰, Earl Robert³¹, Henry³² de Ferrieres, Engenulf³³ de Ferriers, Henry³⁴_) was born in Wemme.

He married **Joan de Beaufort** September 30, 1394. They had the following children:

1. Mary²¹ de Ferrars.
2. Elizabeth de Ferrars.

Henry Percy (Lord Henry²³ de Percy, Baron Henry²⁴, Baron Henry²⁵, Baron Henry²⁶, William²⁷, Henry²⁸, Joscelyn de Louvain, Godfrey "The Bearded" of Louvaine³⁰ Barbutus, Henry II of³¹ Brabant, Count Labert II of³², Count Lambert I "The Bearded" of³³, Count Regnier III of Hainaut³⁴, Count Regnier II of Hainaut³⁵, Count Regnier I "Long-Neck" of Hainaut³⁶, Count Giselbert of Darnau³⁷, Count Giselbert of Massgau³⁸, Count Gainfroi³⁹, Duke Mainier of Austria⁴⁰_) was born November 10, 1341.

Henry was the son of Henry de Percy, 3rd Baron Percy and a descendent of Henry III of England. His mother was Mary of Lancaster, daughter of Henry Plantagenet, 3rd Earl of Leicester, son of Edmund, Earl of Leicester and Lancaster, who was the son of Henry III.

He married **Margaret de Neville** (Lord Ralph²³ de Neville, Lord Randolph²⁴, Robert²⁵, Robert²⁶, Geoffrey²⁷ de Neville, Robert²⁸ Fitz Maldred, Maldred²⁹, Dolfin Staindropshire³⁰, Uchtred fitz³¹ Maldred, Maldred³², Ealdgyth³³, Uchtred³⁴_) in Brancepeth, July 12, 1358.

They had the following child:

1. **Sir Henry "Hotspur"²¹ Percy** was born May 20, 1364.

Margaret died May 1372.

The Percies were an important family in northern England whose ancestor, William de Percy, received lands in Yorkshire and elsewhere from William I. Henry Percy served under Edward III and was created earl of Northumberland and Marshall of England in 1377. Although he originally supported Richard II, he turned against him

because of the king's increased violence and excesses and supported the invasion of Henry IV in 1399. For this he received further honors including the kingdom of Man. Percy and his son, Hotspur, soon turned against Henry IV and plotted with Edmund Mortimer and Owain Glyn Dwr to dethrone the king and share England and Wales between them. He was declared a traitor and deprived of his lands.

In 1408 Percy invaded England in rebellion once more and was killed. Henry Percy died February 19, 1408 in Bramham Moor, Tadcaster, Yorkshire, at 66 years of age. His head was set up on London Bridge, and his quarters sent to London, Lincoln, Berwick and Newcastle.



Alnwick Castle – Northumberland. Ancestral home of the Percys.

Earl Edmund Mortimer (Earl Roger²³, Sir Edmund²⁴, Earl Roger²⁵ de Mortimer, Lord Edmund²⁶ Mortimer, Lord Roger²⁷, Ralph²⁸, Roger²⁹ de Mortimer, Hugh³⁰, Hugh³¹ Mortimer, Lord Ralph³² de Mortimer, Lord Roger³³, Raoul³⁴ de Warenne, Gautier³⁵ de St. Martin_) was born February 1352, son of Roger Mortimer, 2nd Earl of March, by his wife Philippa, daughter of William Montacute, 1st Earl of Salisbury.

Edmund was the third Earl of March. Being under age ten at his father's death, Edmund was a ward of the crown - Edward III placed him in care of William of Wykehan and Richard FitzAlan.

Mortimer became Marshal of England in 1369, and was employed in various diplomatic missions during the next following years. He was a member of the committee appointed by the Peers to confer with the Commons in 1373 — the first instance of such a joint conference since the institution of representative parliaments on the question of granting supplies for John of Gaunt's war in France.

He participated in the opposition to Edward III and the court party, which grew in strength towards the end of the reign, taking the popular side and being prominent in the Good Parliament of 1376 among the lords who supported the Prince of Wales and opposed the Court Party and John of Gaunt. The Speaker of the Commons in this parliament was March's steward, Peter de la Mare, who firmly withstood John of Gaunt in stating the grievances of the Commons, in supporting the impeachment of several high court officials, and in procuring the banishment of the king's mistress, Alice Perrers. March was a member of the administrative council

appointed by the same parliament after the death of Edward, the Black Prince to attend the king and advise him in all public affairs.

Following the end of the Good Parliament its acts were reversed by John of Gaunt, March's steward was jailed, and March himself was ordered to inspect Calais and other remote royal castles as part of his duty as Marshall of England. March chose instead to resign the post.

On the accession of Richard II, a minor, in 1377, the Earl became a member of the standing council of government; though as father of the heir-presumptive to the crown he wisely abstained from claiming any actually administrative office. The most powerful person in the realm was, however, the king's uncle John of Gaunt, whose jealousy of March led to the acceptance by the latter of the Lieutenancy of Ireland in 1379. March succeeded in asserting his authority in eastern Ulster, but failed to subdue the O'Neills farther west. Proceeding to Munster to put down the turbulence of the chieftains of the south, March died at Cork on 27 December 1381. He was buried in Wigmore Abbey, of which he had been a benefactor, and where his wife Philippa was also interred. Philippa died January 1, 1382 at 26 years of age.

He married **Countess Philippa Plantagenet** in Queens Chapel, February 15, 1359.

Countess Philippa Plantagenet (Duke Lionel²³ Plantagenet, King Edward III²⁴, King Edward II²⁵, King Edward I "Longshanks"²⁶) was born in Eltham Palace, Kent, England August 16, 1355.

They had the following children:

1. Philippa²⁷ Mortimer.
2. Edmund Mortimer.
3. John Mortimer.
4. **Elizabeth Mortimer** was born February 12, 1371.
5. Roger Mortimer was born 1378. Roger died 1398. He married Eleanor Holland. 4th Earl of March

Sir John de Neville (Lord Ralph²³, Lord Randolph²⁴, Robert²⁵, Robert²⁶, Geoffrey²⁷ de Neville, Robert²⁸ Fitz Maldred, Maldred²⁹, Dolfin Staindropshire³⁰, Uchtred fitz³¹ Maldred, Maldred³², Ealdgyth³³, Uchtred³⁴) birth date unknown.

John was the Warden of the Scottish March and Lieutenant of Aquitaine. Follower of John of Gaunt and a famous soldier in the French wars of Edward III.

He married **Maud de Percy** (birth date unknown) in 1364. They had the following children:

1. John²⁷ de Neville.
2. **Ralph of Westmoreland de Neville** was born 1363.

Sir John died October 17, 1388 in Newcastle on Tyne. Maud died February 18, 1378. Her body was interred Durham Cathedral.